

What is a standardized drink?

12 ounces of beer or
4-5 ounces of wine or
1 ½ ounces of liquor - BAC .02

How long does it take for the body to process one standardized drink?

It can take roughly 1- 2 hours before one standardized drink can be fully metabolized in the body.

Is there a faster way to sober up?

No. Cold showers, coffee, food, fresh air, or exercise have no effect on getting sober. Your body still has to metabolize the alcohol.

Are there products other than drinking alcohol that will register a Blood Alcohol Content (BAC)?

Some products such as cough syrups, mouthwash, breath sprays, non-alcoholic beer and tinctures contain alcohol. Most will register on breathalyzers, but will not last very long unless consumed.

Local Resources

_____ County
STOP-DWI Program
Address
City, State, Zip
Phone: XXX-XXX-XXXX



www.stopdwi.org

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Alcohol Impaired Driving

Blood Alcohol Content -

(BAC) Measures the number of grams of ethanol in every 100 milliliters of blood.

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What affects Blood Alcohol Content?

Blood alcohol is affected by the amount of alcohol ingested, the time it takes to drink the alcohol, gender, weight, amount of food eaten, overall health, fatigue and genetics.

How is Blood Alcohol Content Measured?

Blood alcohol can be measured through chemical analysis of a person's blood, breath, urine or saliva.

How much can a person drink before becoming impaired?

There is no easy answer, any amount of alcohol will, to some degree, affect a person's ability to drive.

No excuses!

"I feel fine to drive."
"I had one drink at lunch time."
"I can handle my alcohol."

It only takes one standard drink to begin impairment.

Level of Blood Alcohol Content and how it affects driving tasks:

- .02 -.03 Reduced reaction time and divided attention. Drowsiness. Decline in visual functions
- .04-.05 Clouded judgment, impairment of the sensory motor skills, increased risk taking. Difficulty steering. Reduced response to emergency driving situations.
- .06-.07 Impaired tracking difficulties, impaired vision and hearing. Difficulty detecting danger, inability to focus, and perception impaired.
- .08-.10 Information processing deficit, risky decision making, problems with speed control, poor/slowed coordination.
- .10-.12 Reduction in concentration attention and perception. Reduced ability to maintain lane position and brake correctly.
- .13-.15 Unable to function behind the wheel. Gross motor impairment and lack of physical control in vehicle. Blurred vision and auditory information processing capability. Judgment and perception are severely impaired.
- .16+ Feeling dazed/confused or otherwise disoriented. All mental, physical and sensory functions are severely impaired.

Provisions of New York State Vehicle and Traffic Law

Article 31 Section §1192

Operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

What are the Alcohol-Related Laws in New York State?

Zero Tolerance (under the age of 21)
Section §1192.a
BAC .02 and above

Driving While Ability Impaired
Section §1192.1
BAC .05-.079

Driving While Intoxicated
Section §1192.2 or §1192.3
BAC .08 or higher

Aggravated Driving While Intoxicated
Section §1192.2-a
BAC .18 or higher

Aggravated Driving While Intoxicated with Child in Car
Section §1192.2-a(b)

Commercial Motor Vehicles
Section §1192.5 or §1192.6
BAC .04 or higher



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The Cost of a Drunk Driving Conviction

First Time Offender

Towing	\$75 +
Car Storage (per day)	\$45 +
Defense Attorney	\$1,500 +
Bail Fee	\$0 - \$500 +
DWI Fine	\$350 - \$1,000
State Surcharges	\$245 - \$395
Ignition Interlock	\$75 - 100 +
Interlock fee (6 month minimum)	\$420 - \$600 +
Alcohol Evaluation	\$100 +
Victim Impact Panel	\$10 - \$50
Probation Supervision	\$0 - \$250 +
Conditional License	\$75
Drinking Driver Program	\$175 - \$300 +
DMV Civil Penalty	\$125 - \$750
DWI license reinstate	\$100
DMV susp. termination	\$50
Assessment (for 3 years)	\$250
Auto Insurance (per year)	\$2,000 - \$3,000 +
TOTAL:	\$5,595 - \$9,140 +

How a DWI Conviction Affects Auto Insurance

Little known facts!

An insurance company can deny no fault coverage (personal injury protection for medical, rehabilitation and loss of wages) to the driver that causes a motor vehicle crash due to alcohol/drug involvement.

An insurance company can deny parents whose child resides with them the standard or preferred rate due to the alcohol related driving offense of their child. In other words, the insurance rates for parents could increase simply because their child lives with them and has a DWI conviction.

Local Resources



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Penalties for Driving While Intoxicated in New York State

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DWI - Per Se, DWI or Driving While Ability Impaired by a Drug (VTL 1192.2, 1192.3, 1192.4)

- 1st Offense (misdemeanor)
 - \$500 - \$1,000, 1 year jail
 - DWI minimum 6 month revocation
 - DWAI-drug 6 month suspension
 - Ignition Interlock*
 - 2nd Offense (class E felony) – within 10 years
 - \$1,000 - \$5,000, 4 years jail
 - 1 year revocation Ignition Interlock*
 - 3rd Offense (class D felony) – within 10 years
 - \$2,000 - \$10,000, 7 years jail
 - 1 year revocation, Ignition Interlock*
- *Not §1192.4 (DWAI – drug)

Driving While Impaired by Combined Alcohol and Drugs (VTL 1192.4a)

- 1st Offense (misdemeanor)
 - \$500 - \$1,000, 1 year jail
 - 6 month revocation
- 2nd Offense (class E felony) – within 10 years
 - \$1,000 - \$5,000, 4 years jail
 - 1 year revocation
- 3rd Offense (class D felony) – within 10 years
 - \$2,000 - \$10,000, 7 years jail
 - 1 year revocation

Aggravated Driving While Intoxicated (VTL 1192.2a(a))

- 1st Offense (misdemeanor)
 - \$1,000 - \$2,500, 1 year jail
 - 1 year revocation, Ignition Interlock
- 2nd Offense (class E felony) – within 10 years
 - \$1,000 - \$5,000, 4 years jail
 - 18 month revocation, Ignition Interlock
- 3rd Offense (class D felony) – within 10 years
 - \$2,000 - \$10,000, 7 years jail
 - 18 month revocation, Ignition Interlock

Aggravated Driving While Intoxicated With a Child Leandra's Law (VTL 1192.2a(b))

- 1st Offense (class E felony)
 - \$1,000 - \$2,500, 4 year jail
 - 1 year revocation, Ignition Interlock
- 2nd Offense (class D felony) – within 10 years
 - \$2,000 - \$10,000, 7 years jail
 - 18 month revocation, Ignition Interlock

Driving While Ability Impaired (VTL 1192.1)

- 1st Offense (traffic infraction)
 - \$350 - \$500, 15 days jail
 - 90 day suspension
- 2nd Offense (traffic infraction) – within 5 years
 - \$500 - \$750, 30 days jail
 - 6 month revocation

ZERO TOLERANCE (VTL 1192-A)

- 1st Offense (administrative)
 - \$125 civil penalty
 - 6 month suspension
- 2nd Offense (administrative)
 - \$125 civil penalty
 - 1 year revocation or until age 21

Chemical Test Refusals Civil Penalties

- 1st Offense (administrative)
 - \$500
 - 1 year revocation
- 2nd Offense (administrative) – within 5 years
 - \$750
 - 18 month revocation
- Zero Tolerance (1st offense)
 - \$300
 - 1 year revocation
- Zero Tolerance (2nd offense)
 - \$750
 - 1 year revocation

Additional Penalty Information

The fines listed do not include the state mandated surcharges or crime victim assistance fees.

The Department of Motor Vehicles determines when your license can be restored. Its restoration or re-instatement, based on state law or regulation is not automatic. You must reapply for your license and may have to pass a test.

Three or more alcohol or drug-related convictions or refusals within 10 years can result in permanent revocation with a waiver request permitted after a minimum of 5 years.

License penalties are different for persons under the age of 21 and those holding CDL licenses.



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In other words, the insurance rates for parents could increase simply because their child lives with them and has a DWI conviction.

Local Resources



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Facts About New York's .08 Standard for Driving While Intoxicated

What is the .08% Standard for Driving While Intoxicated?

Blood Alcohol Concentration (BAC) is defined as the level of alcohol in the blood stream. As the number of alcoholic beverages consumed over a period of time increases, so does the BAC. At .08% BAC, virtually everyone, including habitual drinkers, experiences some degree of driving skill impairment affecting eye movement, judgment, coordination, concentration, and speed control.

In a study published in the Journal of Studies on Alcohol (May 2000), results showed that a driver with a .08% BAC can be up to 50 times more likely to die in a crash than if he was completely sober (.00% BAC). At .10% BAC – the former BAC limit for driving while intoxicated in New York State - the same driver would be up to 240 times more likely to die in a crash caused by drunk driving. The degree of impairment varies for each individual according to the amount of alcohol consumed, body weight, length of time spent drinking, and whether the person ate before or while drinking alcohol.

Nationally 3 out of 10 people will be in an alcohol related crash in their lifetime.

Always Be Aware of How Much You Drink!

Each of the following drinks contains an equal amount of alcohol ...



Beer 12 oz. at 5%	Wine 5 oz. at 12%	Liquor 1½ oz. 80 proof	Wine Cooler 12 oz. at 5%
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What the .08% BAC Means to the Average Driver:



The Degree of Impairment Depends on Four Basic Factors:

- 1 The amount you drink.
- 2 Whether you've eaten before or while drinking (food slows absorption).
- 3 Your body weight.
- 4 The length of time spent drinking.

Coffee cannot make someone sober. The person may be more awake, but just as intoxicated. Only time can make someone sober. It takes at least an hour per drink for the alcohol to leave the body's system.

Drivers at .08% BAC are four times more likely to cause a crash than .00% drivers.

Drivers at .15% BAC are twenty-five times more likely to cause a crash than .00% drivers.

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If I Have an Ignition Interlock Device Installed, What Products Should I Avoid?

- Alcohol products – beer, wine, hard liquor, etc.
- Foods cooked with alcohol – contrary to popular belief, the alcohol does not “burn off” during cooking.
- Mouthwash, toothpaste, or tooth whiteners that contains alcohol.
- Perfumes, colognes, after-shave lotions.
- “Alcohol-free” beer and wine.
- Prescription medications – asthma inhalers, elixirs
- Over-the-counter medications – cough syrup and tinctures.

Check product labels before using.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Where do I look for ignition interlock service centers or ignition interlock monitors?

A list of service centers and monitors in New York State can be found at <http://www.criminaljustice.ny.gov>
Search: Ignition Interlock or Contact your court of conviction

If you have information about a teen alcohol party, any adult who serves alcohol to minors or information about stores or bars that regularly sell to minors, please call:
The Sheriff's Office, Local Police Department or New York State Police

Funded by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration with a grant from the New York State Governor's Traffic Safety Committee.

Ignition Interlock Vendors

Vendors (Class 1 Only)

- 1A Smart Start, Inc. 1-800-880-3394
- Intoxalock by CST, Inc. 1-515-331-7643
- #1A Lifesafer, Inc. 1-800-871-5462
- Sens-O-Lock of America, LLC
1-404-748-4484
- Statewide Interlock Systems Inc.
1-888-STOP-DUI (786-7384)
- Draeger Safety Diagnostics, Inc.
1-972-929-1100

Vendors (Class 3 Only)

- 1A Smart Start, Inc. 1-800-880-3394
- Intoxalock by CST, Inc. 1-877-777-5020
- #1A Lifesafer, Inc. 1-800-871-5462
- Draeger Safety Diagnostics, Inc.
1-972-929-1100

Above information as of November 1, 2012
please visit www.stopdwi.org for latest information.



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New York's Zero Tolerance Law

Questions and Answers

Provisions of the Law

First time offenders driving while intoxicated (DWI) (.08 Blood Alcohol Content or more) or impaired by drugs while a child younger than 16 years old is in the vehicle may be charged with a Class E Felony punishable by up to four years in State Prison. Individuals charged will automatically have their license suspended pending prosecution.

Courts must sentence all drivers convicted of a misdemeanor or felony DWI to install and maintain an ignition interlock device for a least six months on any vehicle owned and operated by such driver.

What is an Ignition Interlock Device?

An Ignition Interlock Device (IID) is a breath analyzer installed into a vehicle to prevent a person from starting the engine, or in certain cases, to continue to operate a motor vehicle after having consumed alcohol. The driver must blow into the device before the vehicle will start. The device records the following:

1. Attempts to start the vehicle.
2. The alcohol level of the individual at the time of starting the vehicle.
3. The alcohol level at random
4. Date and times the vehicle is operated.
5. Attempts to circumvent the device.

Who Pays for the Device, Installation, and Maintenance?

The defendant pays all related costs unless the court determines that he/she cannot afford to pay for part or all of the related costs. Costs run roughly \$3.00/day.

Violations, service calls, and missed appointments are extra.

When Must the Defendant Comply with the Installation?

The IID must be installed within ten business days after sentencing.

If the court issues a continuation of driving privileges (20 day stay upon sentencing), the defendant may not drive unless an ignition interlock device has been installed in the vehicle.

Is the IID Sentence Condition Required if the Defendant Does Not Own a Vehicle?

Yes. If the defendant does not own a vehicle, he/she is still prohibited from operating a motor vehicle without the IID including motorcycles.

Who is Eligible?

Interlock monitoring is mandated by the sentencing court as a condition of a DWI misdemeanor or felony.

Which Laws are Covered Under Ignition Interlock?

DWI – PER SE, DWI (BAC .08 or higher) (VTL§1192.2, 1192.3)

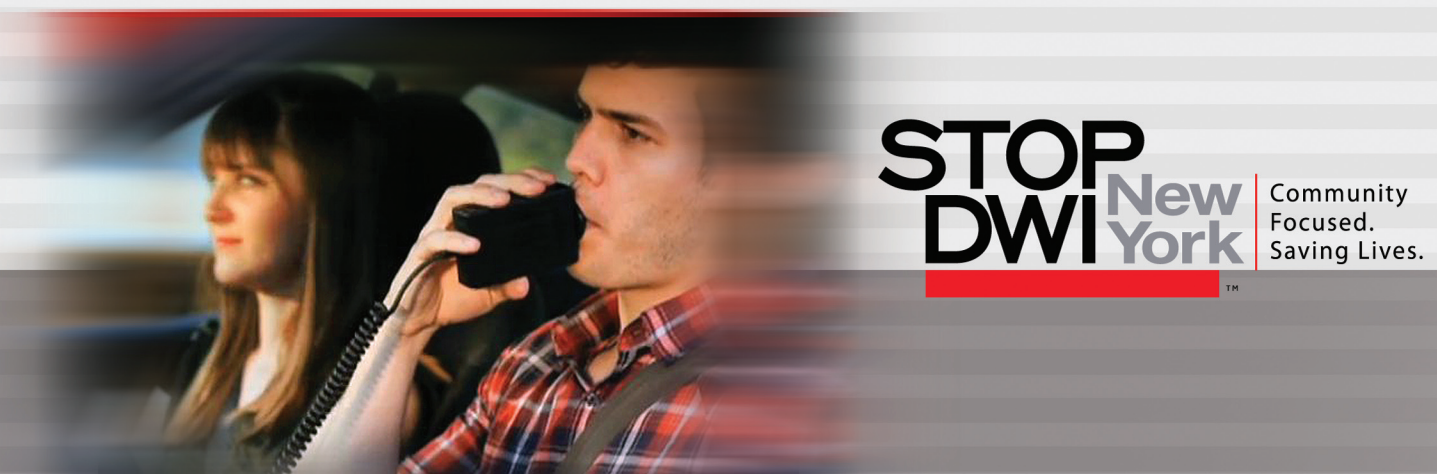
- 1st Offense (misdemeanor)
- Fine: \$500-\$1,000
- Up to 1 year in jail
- License revocation for six month minimum
- Requirement of Ignition Interlock

AGGRAVATED DRIVING WHILE INTOXICATED (BAC .18 or higher) (VTL§1192.2a))

- 1st Offense (misdemeanor)
- Fine: \$1,000 - \$2,500
- Up to 1 year in jail
- License revocation for one year minimum
- Requirement of Ignition Interlock

AGGRAVATED DRIVING WHILE INTOXICATED WITH A CHILD Leandra's Law (VTL§1192.2a(b))

- 1st Offense (Class E Felony)
- Fine: \$1,000 - \$2,500
- Up to 4 years in jail
- License revocation for one year minimum
- Requirement of Ignition Interlock



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DWI Impact Panel

DWI Impact Panels are coordinated by many different agencies such as:

STOP-DWI Coordinators

District Attorney Office

Law Enforcement

Remove Intoxicated Driving (RID)

Council on Alcohol and Other Drugs

M. A.D.D., etc.

If you are interested in becoming a panelist or for further information please contact your local STOP-DWI Coordinator.

Funded by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration with a grant from the New York State Governor's Traffic Safety Committee.

New York State STOP-DWI Program

The mission of the STOP-DWI Program is to reduce the number of persons killed or injured as a result of impaired driving crashes. STOP-DWI is a comprehensive program.

The sole source of funding is fine revenue paid by convicted impaired drivers. There are no tax dollars used in STOP-DWI projects.

Provides prevention education programs to the community.

Provides funding to law enforcement for Sobriety Check Points, Saturation Patrols, etc.

Provides funding to: District Attorney Offices, Probation, Treatment Programs, Pre-Trial Diversion, etc.



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DWI Impact Panel



DWI Impact Panel

DWI Impact Panels (DWI-IP) were established in the 1970's to raise awareness regarding impaired driving and how it affects a community. DWI-IP's are coordinated by many different organizations throughout New York State. They are utilized to reduce the number of innocent people that are injured and killed on our roadways by impaired drivers.

DWI victims share their personal and tragic situation to groups of convicted DWI offenders. Some panels are open to the general public, high schools, college students, and others. Some DWI-IP's charge a fee.

Offender/offender family members' panelist would relay how being convicted/dealing with a death or injury from DWI has affected their life.

DWI Impact Panel

Goals

To offer victims an outlet to speak of their experience as part of the healing process

To provide a chance to prevent other families from going through a similar experience

To make something positive out of their tragedy

To provide offenders an opportunity to understand impaired driving from a victim's perspective

To have attendees experience true situations in which families were changed forever by impaired driving

Would you like to become a panelist?

If your life has been affected by an impaired driving situation, we would like to hear from you.

When an impaired driving crash occurs, many victims feel powerless. Most people never believe a DWI crash could happen to them. Then the crime occurs and it is usually random. Victims do not have time to think. Not only do impaired driving crashes kill, they leave victims/victim families injured. The injuries are not always visible and can be physical, psychological, emotional, and financial.

